<b>Week Ending:</b> 06-10-20	23	DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes			
Class: B9	Class Size: Sub Strand: Creation			trand: The Purpose & U	sefulness Of God's		
Content Standard: B9 1.1.1: Describe and expusefulness of God's creation	on	pose and	Indicator: B9 1.1.1.1:1 of God's cr		the purpose and usefuln	ess I OF 2	
	ormance Indicator: ners can recall the biblical creation stories and extract the key ils of God's act of creation.  Core Competencie CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4:					_ 5.5: PL 6.1: PL 6.4:	
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	54					
Keywords: Creation, G	enesis, Purp	oose, Nature					
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resources	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>			video segme	at of na	ture sounds (birds	Resources	
THASE I. STARTER	_	water flowing, w	_		•		
		ers to close the imagined and s			the scene. Discuss f creation		
DI IACE 2. MAINI	Share performance indicators with learners.						
PHASE 2: MAIN	Either read aloud, play a video, or have learners read segments of the biblical creation stories from the book of Genesis.  Pictures and charts						
	Discuss the each day.	ne sequential da	ys of creation	and wh	nat was created on		
		e the significance orld as we know		ation an	d how it contributes		
	Engage learners in a group discussion or reflection on why they think God created each specific element of the world (e.g., the sun, animals, humans).						
	Guide learners to recognize the interconnectedness of all parts of creation and how each serves a purpose in the grand scheme of the world.						
	<ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>I. What was created on the fourth day of creation according to Genesis?</li> <li>2. Why do you think God rested on the seventh day?</li> <li>3. What is one purpose of the animals in the creation story?</li> <li>4. How does the creation of light on the first day impact the rest of creation?</li> </ul>						

	Project Work Draw a table indicating four things created by God and the purpose of each.
PHASE 3:	Reflect on the beauty and intricacy of God's creation.
REFLECTION	
	Emphasize the idea that everything was created with a purpose and contributes to the balance and harmony of the world.
	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 06-10-20	DAY: Subject: R.M.E			ct: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes			
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: The Purpose & Usefulness Of God's Creation			
Content Standard: B9 1.1.1: Describe and exusefulness of God's creation Performance Indicator	on	of God's creation					
Learners can recognize and articulate the underlying purpose and usefulness of various aspects of God's creation.  Core Competencies CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4: I						5.5: PL 6.1: PL 6.4:	
References: R.M.E Curr Keywords: Interconnec			Iship, Balance	)			
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resources	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Show a seaspects of Ask learned in them.	Learners Activities Resources  Show a series of images depicting various natural wonders and aspects of creation (e.g., sunsets, oceans, animals, forests).  Ask learners to describe the feelings or thoughts each image evokes in them.					
PHASE 2: MAIN	ecosystem. For instance, how trees provide oxygen, which humans and animals need to breathe.  Explore the idea of balance in nature and how each creation supports and complements others.  Delve into the idea of stewardship and the human role in caring for God's creation.  Engage learners in a discussion on how humans can preserve and protect the world around them. Address both spiritual and practical dimensions.  Assessment  I. How do plants and animals contribute to the balance of nature?  2. What does the concept of stewardship mean in the context of God's creation?  3. How do oceans and water bodies fit into the purpose of God's creation?  4. What is one way humans can actively participate in maintaining					Pictures and charts	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	the harmony of creation?  Conclude by reflecting on the responsibilities humans hold as part of God's creation. Highlight the importance of recognizing the purpose behind every aspect of creation and the duty to preserve it.  Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.						

### FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES

#### WEEK 2

Week Ending: 13-10-2	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E				
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation & At		Attributes	
Class: B9		Class Size:		<b>Sub Strand:</b> The Purpose & Usefulness Of God's Creation			
usefulness of God's creation things creat  Performance Indicator: Learners can					how the complex nature  Sod reveals His nature  Core Competencies:  CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4: PL	I OF 2	
References: R.M.E Cur	riculum Pg.	54					
New words: Absence, I	Ecosystem, I	Balance, Interde	pendence				
Phase/Duration	Learners A					Resources	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Present a hypothetical scenario: "Imagine waking up one day, and all the trees have vanished."  Allow learners a few minutes to ponder and share their immediate reactions.						
	Share per	hare performance indicators with learners.					
PHASE 2: <b>MAIN</b>	Ask learners to list things in nature that amaze them due to their intricacy and detail.  Write down the ideas on the board. Discuss how these intricate details might suggest a thoughtful creator.						
	Split learners into groups.  Each group should discuss the question: "What would the world be like if one of the elements from our list was missing?"						
PHASE 3:	Assessme  I. Name  2. How Creat  3. Why thoug  4. What brains	Name two examples from nature that showcase complexity. How can the design of the universe reflect the nature of its Creator? Why might some view complexity in nature as a sign of a houghtful creator? What might be the impact if one of the elements in our orangements was missing from the world?					
REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.						

Week Ending: 13-10-20	2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes		
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: The Purpose & Usefulness Of God's Creation		
Content Standard: B9 1.1.1: Describe and expusefulness of God's creation	on					
Learners can explore de	Performance Indicator: Learners can explore deeper layers of creation and debate whether this complexity is a direct indication of God's nature.  Core Competencies: CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4: PL					
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	54				
New words: Absence, E	cosystem,	Balance, Interde	pendence			
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resources
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>			f the Fibonso	ci segue	nce in nature (such as	resources
PHASE 2: <b>MAIN</b>	Show a short video clip of the Fibonacci sequence in nature (such as the spirals in sunflowers, pinecones, and galaxies).  Ask: "What patterns do you see? Why might these patterns be significant?"  Share performance indicators with learners.					
	Provide learners with printed sheets of various natural patterns (e.g., seashells, hurricanes, galaxies).  Ask them to identify and circle where they see the Fibonacci sequence or spiral patterns.  Discuss: How might these repeated patterns in nature suggest a deliberate design or creator?  Split learners into groups.  Ask them: "Imagine a world where there are no patterns in nature.  How might this change our environment, our weather, our food sources?"  Groups share their imaginative scenarios with the class.  Assessment  What is the Fibonacci sequence and where can you find it in nature?  1. Why might the existence of patterns in nature suggest a creator?  2. How does the symmetry and design in nature relate to God's nature, according to believers?  3. Describe a world without the patterns we discussed today. How					

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 20-10-2023 DAY:				Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes		Attributes	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub S	trand: The Environment	t	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is environment and how to	do so				e human activities that	Lesson:	
Performance Indicato Learners can identify a impact the environmen	nd understai	nd human activi	ties that nega	tively	Core Competencies: CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4: Pl		
References: R.M.E Cur	riculum Pg.	56					
New words: Deforesta	tion, Polluti	on, Erosion, Litt	tering				
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resources	
PHASE I: STARTER			scuss any env	ironmer	ntal changes they've	resources	
	noticed in thinking a	Ask learners to briefly discuss any environmental changes they've noticed in their local community. This prompts them to start thinking about human influence on the environment.  Share performance indicators with learners.					
PHASE 2: MAIN		Pictures and					
	Prior to t	Take learners on a nature walk. Learners to observe and note down human activities that destroy the environment.  Prior to the walk, ask learners to hypothesize what human activities they expect to observe that harm the environment.					
	During the walk, learners should observe and note down any signs of environmental destruction, whether it is litter, eroded pathways, evidence of deforestation, or polluted waterways.  Encourage learners to not only note down what they see but also think about the causes and consequences of these activities.						
	Allow learners to share their observations in small groups, then discuss as a class. Highlight the most commonly observed activities.						
	<ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>I. Name two human activities you observed during the nature walk that harm the environment.</li> <li>2. How might littering impact local wildlife?</li> <li>3. What are the potential long-term impacts of deforestation?</li> <li>4. Why might people partake in these harmful activities, even if they know they're damaging?</li> </ul>						
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	•	discussion and what they have I	•	_	to find out from on.		
	Take feed	lback from learr	ners and sumr	narize t	he lesson.		

Week Ending: 20-10-2023		DAY:		Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, His Creation &		Attributes	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: The Environment	t	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is environment and how to d		F			e human activities that	Lesson:	
Performance Indicator: Learners can recognize and understand human activities that negatively impact the environment  Core Competencies: CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5.4: PL					L 5.5: PL 6.1: PL 6.4:		
References: R.M.E Curr							
New words: Industrializ	ation, Over	fishing, Habitat	Destruction,	Waste	Dumping		
Phase/Duration	1	A -4:: .:4:				Danasumana	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Learners A		tad ta anvira	am antal	dostruction (like a	Resources	
	polluted b	Display a few images related to environmental destruction (like a polluted beach, smokestacks, etc.) and ask learners to quickly jot down the human activities they think are represented.  Share performance indicators with learners.					
PHASE 2: MAIN	•	lection of pictur			enict various	Pictures and	
	environmental harms caused by human activities.  After each picture or video, allow learners a moment to note down the human activity they think is shown and its potential environmental impacts.				charts		
	observatio	After the nature walk, have learners compare their firsthand observations with the images and videos. Discuss similarities and differences.					
	identify ar environme • Illegal tre • Illegal m • Illegal m • Bush bus • Over gra • Over hu • Hunting • Water p • Weeding • Imprope	nd list human actent. ee felling nd winning ining rning azing nting when hunting is	s banned bodies ds	ave nega	, learners should ative impacts on the aching		

	Discuss the global implications of local environmental destruction. Encourage learners to think about how a single activity, like littering, can have larger consequences when multiplied across millions of people.	
	<ul> <li>Assessment <ol> <li>Which human activity from the images/videos do you think is most harmful and why?</li> <li>How can industrialization lead to environmental degradation?</li> <li>What might be the effects on marine life due to overfishing?</li> <li>Describe the environmental impact of dumping waste into rivers or oceans.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

DAY:		Subject: R.M.E		
Duration: 60MINS			Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes	
Class Size:		Sub Strand: The Environment		
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is important to care for the		Indicator: B9 1.2.1.1: Describe human activities that		
,	Class Size:	Class Size:  Indicator:  care for the B9 1.2.1.1: [	Strand: God, His Creation & Attr Class Size: Sub Strand: The Environment Indicator:	

Duration: 60MINS			Strand: God, His Creation & Attributes			
Class: B9	Class Size:			Sub Strand: The Environment		
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is environment and how to describe the standard of		care for the		r: Lesson I: Describe human activities that the environment I OF 2		
Performance Indicator:  Learners can articulate various human activities that harm the environment and engage in a critical evaluation of one such activity, tree felling, through debate.  Core Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership, Coll Thinking and Proceedings of the Competer Personal Development Leadership Personal Developm						opment and laboration Critical
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	56			1	
New words: Deforestat	ion, Ecosys	tem, Sustainabil	ity, Pollution			
	-		<u> </u>			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Learners A	Activities showing an imag				Resources
	do you no Share per	a pristine natura ptice between the formance indicates.	hese two pict ators with lear	ures?" mers.		
PHASE 2: MAIN	For each a deforestar dioxide in Prompt le own obse E.g., • Illeg exposing le • Illegal mi bodies and • Ploughing sunshine le • Over gra and erosio • All these rainstorms	lead to climate c , drought, famine e class into two	how it affects loss of biodive, and disrupt up with more wiledge. ds to the remosabline and erosabline and erosabline and other organd water bodies ation that caus and bare and echange: poor rele, etc.	the environment of the environment of the forest ion.  In a sign of the forest ion.	ent, e.g., d carbon ccles. ed on their cover, thereby destroys water water odies to direct ry up. direct sunshine loods,	Pictures and charts
		e class into two f tree felling ou				

	Give each group 5 minutes to prepare their arguments. Allow each group 5 minutes to present their case, followed by a quick rebuttal round.
	Discuss the strong points and areas of improvement for each side of the debate.
	Assessment
	I. How does deforestation impact biodiversity?
	2. What are the potential long-term consequences of industrial pollution?
	3. Why is overfishing considered a threat to marine ecosystems?
	4. How does the improper disposal of plastic affect our environment?
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 27-10-20	DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS	I		Strano	: God, His Creation &	Attributes	
Class: B9	Class Size:		Sub St	trand: The Environment	 [	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is environment and how to		Indicator: B9 1.2.1.1: destroy the		e human activities that	Lesson:	
emphasizing the import and destructive activitie	Performance Indicator:  Learners can explore strategies to ensure community safety, while emphasizing the importance of reducing various forms of pollution and destructive activities.  References: R.M.E Curriculum Pg. 56  Core Competencies: Personal Development are Collaboration Critical The Solving					
	tion, Ecosystem, Sustainabil	lity, Conserva	tion			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Learners Activities  Begin by showing a contricity and the other showing side would you rather live	Resources				
PHASE 2: MAIN	Share performance indicated Discuss as a class the way can be maintained. Touch water systems, and polluted Prompt learners to think communities to enhance Divide learners into five a following topics: air polluted deforestation, and overfisters) and ask them to condemonstrates the negative to counteract or reduced Each group will briefly prompt Discuss the suggestions promportance of community degradation.  Assessment  I. How does land pollute the primary human as ecosystem?  3. What are some community deforestation?  4. How can proper was	ys in which a son on waste distion control.  of actions the safety and engroups, assignation, water poshing.  materials (poreate a visual re effects of the these effects. These effects are their first provided by eagle action in protein differ froctivities that continuity-driven munity-driven	ey can tavironme ing each ollution, sters, m represe neir assig ach grou eventing m air por cause ea ncern fo	ake in their own antal health.  In group one of the land pollution,  arkers, recycled notation or model that gned activity and ways and suggestions.  In and highlight the genvironmental sollution, and what are ch?  In the global res to counter	Pictures and charts	

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 03-11-20	23	DAY: Subject: R.M.E				
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God,	His Creation & A	Attributes
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: T	he Environment	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it the environment and ho			indigenous (	dentify and desc Ghanaian cultur environment	ribe how e helps in taking	Lesson:
Performance Indicator:  Learners can Identify aspects of the local environment that are regarded as sacred in Ghanaian culture and understand the rationale behind these beliefs.  Core Compet Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that are regarded as Leadership, Coll Thinking and Property Competed to the Personal Development that the Personal Development the Personal Development that the Personal Development the Personal Development the Persona					pment and aboration Critical	
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg.	56				
New words: Sacred, En	vironment,	Indigenous, Rev	erence			
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resources
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	"Think of a place in your locality that you've heard elders or community members speak about with reverence or caution. Why do you think they feel that way about it?"  Learners in groups share their opinions.  Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the					
PHASE 2: MAIN	, 1				Pictures and charts	

- Rivers Pra, Ankobra, Tano
  Stones the mystic stone at Larabanga
- Animals Some animals have totemic relations with humankind.

**Land**: The earth has a spiritual part regarded as a goddess called Asase Yaa by the Asante and Asase Afua by the Fante. The Ewe call her Nyibgla.

Let learners understand the rationale behind considering certain aspects of the environment as sacred.

Have learners discuss the significance of totems among the various clans and tribes in Ghana.

Totems are objects from the plant and animal kingdom that humans being are related with. All the seven or eight Akan clans have animals as their totems. For example, Bretuo or Etwina has the leopard as its totem, Kasenas have the crocodile, etc.

Discuss cultural stories, traditions, or beliefs that have led to certain places or elements being deemed sacred.

Encourage learners to share stories they might have heard from elders about these places or aspects.

#### Assessment

- I. Name two aspects or places in the local environment that are regarded as sacred in Ghanaian culture.
- 2. Why is reverence shown to these particular places or aspects?
- 3. How does treating certain areas as sacred help in protecting the environment?
- 4. Are there similar sacred places or traditions in other cultures that you know of? Name one.

#### PHASE 3: REFLECTION

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 03-11-202	ek Ending: 03-11-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God,	His Creation & A	Attributes
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: T	he Environment	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it is important to care for the environment and how to do so  Indicator: B9 1.2.1.2 Identify and describe how indigenous Ghanaian culture helps in taking care of the environment						Lesson: 2 OF 2
drawing from indigenous Ghanaian practices.  Thinking and Pr						pment and aboration Critical
References: R.M.E Curr			towardship (	`ustainahilitu		
New words: Conservation	ion, indigen	ous Fractices, 5	tewardship, s	bustainability		
Phase/Duration	Learners /	Activities				Resources
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Display pictures of a well-preserved natural environment and a degraded one. Ask learners: "Which of these represents our cultural values more accurately, and why?"					
PHASE 2: MAIN		ormance indicators with learners.  by it is important to care for the environment.			nt	Pictures and
	<ul> <li>Trees are bodies</li> <li>Hunting sanctuary</li> <li>Days and fish to hate</li> <li>Farming them.</li> <li>Types of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hunting is not allowed in sacred forests so animals use them as sanctuary</li> <li>Days and seasons are set aside where fishing is not allowed allowing the fish to hatch and increase their stock</li> <li>Farming is not allowed around water bodies which help to preserve</li> </ul>				charts
	Have learners discuss in groups the benefits of a well-preserved environment and the consequences of neglect.  Each group list their points and share with the class.					
	Learners i		research to d	iscover indigenc	ous Ghanaian	
	_			ew community n to environmenta		

	Learners present their findings, explaining the method and the rationale behind it.
	Assessment  1. Why is caring for the environment important for our community and future generations?  2. Name two indigenous Ghanaian practices that promote environmental care.  3. How can we incorporate traditional practices into our daily lives to promote environmental conservation?  4. Why is it important to learn and uphold indigenous methods of environmental care?
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 10-11-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God, I	His Creation & A	Attributes
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: T	he Environment	
Content Standard: B9 1.2.1: Explain why it the environment and ho			Indicator: B9 1.2.1.3: I the environ		for taking care f	I OF 2
Performance Indicator Learners can describe to learn methods to prote	he importar		ental conserv	ration and	Core Compete Personal Develo Leadership, Colli Thinking and Pro	pment and aboration Critical
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	56				
New words: Reforestat	ion, Enviror	nment, Indigeno	us, Conservat	tion		
DI (D					1	
Phase/Duration	Learners		1.6		<i>(</i> (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Resources
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	environm areas vs. Ask, "Wh changes i	Show learners before-and-after pictures of areas affected by environmental degradation and then restored (like deforested areas vs. reforested ones).  Ask, "What differences do you notice? Why might these changes matter?"  Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the				
PHASE 2: MAIN	environmand health  Delve dee  Representation of the control of th	ent, covering to n.  eper into specific eforestation: Di uality, biodiversi f successful reforeper Farming Potation, terracing enefits in maintal egradation.  Toper disposal or oper mining proper mining proper since per since	pics like biodic ways of proscuss the impley, and climate in crestation properties: Expley, and organical properties, etc.	ain methods like farming. Discus Ith and preventi	ronment: s for air are examples e crop ss their ng land	Pictures and charts

	God reveals Himself to humans through the environment
	Humans are related to the environment.
	The gods reside in nature.
	Aspects of the environment is linked to the history of communities.
	Humans depend on the environment for their survival, etc.
	Highlight their sustainable farming methods, sacred groves, and the
	cultural belief systems that emphasize environmental care.
	'
	Engage learners in a discussion about how these practices have
	benefited the environment over generations and what we can learn
	from them.
	Organize learners into small groups and give each group a different
	environment-related topic (like reforestation, sustainable farming,
	and indigenous practices).
	Each group creates a short skit or presentation demonstrating the
	importance of their topic and practical ways it can be implemented.
	After each presentation, engage the class in a brief discussion to
	consolidate learning.
	Assessment
	I. Why is reforestation important for the environment?
	2. Name one farming practice that helps in protecting the
	environment and explain its benefit.
	3. How do indigenous Ghanaians traditionally view the
	environment?
	4. Why is it essential for communities to adopt environmentally
	friendly practices?
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 10-11-2023 DAY:				Subject: R.M.			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: God,	His Creation & A	Attributes	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: T	he Environment		
•	I.2.1: Explain why it is important to care for B9				Indicator:  B9 1.2.1.3: Discuss reasons for taking care for the environment.  Lesson:  I OF 2		
and applying lessons fro	Performance Indicator:  Learners can discuss reasons for taking care of the environment by examining and applying lessons from indigenous Ghanaian attitudes towards the environmental conservation.  Core Competer Personal Development D						
References: R.M.E Cur	riculum Pg.	56			<u> </u>		
New words: Reforestat	tion, Enviror	nment, Indigeno	us, Conserva	tion			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	Learners Activities  Share a Ghanaian proverb or saying related to the environment, for example: "The river that forgets its source will dry up."				Resources		
	Ask learners to discuss its meaning and how it might relate to caring for the environment.  Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the						
PHASE 2: MAIN		lesson. Introduce learners to the respect and reverence that many					
TITALE Z. I INCIDE		s Ghanaian com	-		illariy	Pictures and charts	
	forests, ri that are p Divide lea that reflec	Discuss traditional practices, rituals, and beliefs centered around forests, rivers, animals, and the earth. For example, sacred groves that are protected due to religious beliefs.  Divide learners into small groups. Each group will create a short skit that reflects a lesson or principle from indigenous Ghanaian attitudes towards the environment.					
	respecting grove, or	Skits can portray scenarios such as the consequences of not respecting nature, a community coming together to save a sacred grove, or elders passing down environmental wisdom to the younger generation.					
		ome time for gr m their skit.	oups to prep	are and then allo	ow each group		
	learn fron		tits? How can	lass discussion. \ these indigenou ldwide?			
		e learners to sha nature and the		stories or family t.	rtraditions		

	<ul> <li>Assessment <ol> <li>Why is it essential to consider indigenous wisdom when discussing environmental conservation?</li> <li>Describe one indigenous Ghanaian attitude or practice that emphasizes caring for the environment.</li> <li>How can these indigenous practices be relevant in modern times?</li> <li>What is one lesson you've taken from today's dramatizations?</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
	Project Work	
	Divide learners into groups to take care for the school's	
	environment, e.g. planting trees, growing grass and desilting gutters.	
	Each group should keep records of their activities and how they are affecting the school's environment.	

### FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES

#### WEEK 7

Week Ending: 17-11-2023 DAY:		Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS				\$	Strand: Religious Practices		
Class: B9		Class Size:		9	Sub Strand: Religious Festival	S	
Content Standard: B9 2.1.1: Understand the need to participate in, r			Indicator: B9 2.1.1.1: S festivals	Sta	ate the meaning and types of		Lesson:
Performance Indicator Learners can discuss the		nd types of fest	ivals		Core Competencies: Personal Development and Lea Critical Thinking and Problem S		
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg.	59					
New words: Festivals, A	Agricultural,	Ancestral, Hist	orical				
Disass /Dans disas	I I	A -4:- ::4:					
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Learners				- i - tu	Ke	sources
PHASE I: STARTER	Ghanaian	festivals.		•	pictures from various		
		Why are they s			and images have in ople?"		
	lesson.				ers and introduce the		
PHASE 2: MAIN		ents to share wh tival'. Write the			eir mind when they hear the the board.		tures and arts
	Discuss the		onses and coll	ec	tively build a class definition		
		the two primar and Ancestral/H			vals in Ghana: Agricultural ls.		
	_				gnificance in celebrating the mples like the Yam Festival.		
	For Ancestral/Historical Festivals, explain their importance in remembering and celebrating ancestors or significant historical events. Offer examples like the Akwasidae Festival.						
	Divide the students into small groups and assign each group either an agricultural or ancestral/historical festival.						
	_	•	,		g books, digital tools, or their assigned festival.		

	Ask each group to create a short presentation or visual aid (like a poster) highlighting the key aspects of their festival: its significance, how it's celebrated, and its impact on the community.
	Groups present their findings to the class. Encourage interactive discussions after each presentation to consolidate understanding and share perspectives.
	<ol> <li>Assessment         <ol> <li>How would you define a 'festival' based on our class discussion?</li> <li>Name one Agricultural Festival in Ghana and explain its significance.</li> </ol> </li> <li>What is the purpose of Ancestral/Historical Festivals?</li> <li>Can you give an example of an Ancestral/Historical Festival in Ghana and describe its main features?</li> </ol>
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 17-11-20	DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices			
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Religious Festiva	ıls		
	2.1.1: Understand the relevance of, and the ed to participate in, religious festivals  B9 2.1.1.1: St festivals				Lesson:		
Performance Indicator Learners can describe a take place during the ce	nd demonst			Core Competencies: Personal Development and Leaders Critical Thinking and Problem Solvii			
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg. 5	i9					
New words: Festivals, A	Agricultural,	Bakatue, Homo	owo				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Learners A		1		Resources		
PHASE I: STARTER	Festival, an	d Homowo fes	stivals.	eo clips from the Bakatue, Yam  I themes do these images and clips			
	Ask students, "What emotions and themes do these images and clips evoke? Why might these celebrations be vital for communities?"  Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the						
	lesson.	ormance indica	icors with	real ners and mir oduce the			
PHASE 2: MAIN	Have learn Agricultura Celebrated ask for mor Yam Festive Guide lear place durin and Yam F	to thank God, the in the coming of the celebration					
	Te off da • Fo Ac	dudu-Peki marki ered to gods and ncing, drumming r Homowo (G cra, Ghana, Hon	ing the sign d ancestor g, and yam a): Observ nowo com	- Peki): A harvest celebration in nificance of yams. The first yam is s, followed by festivities that include a feasts.  ed by the Ga people of Greater memorates a historical period of and. Held in August, it includes sowing			

	maize, preparing a special dish called "kpokpoi," and various traditional performances. Noise-making is restricted in the leadup to respect spirits and ancestors.  Divide students into three groups, assigning each group one of the
	festivals.
	Provide each group with materials (like fabric for costumes, props, and music). Instruct them to prepare a short demonstration or enactment of a key activity from their assigned festival.
	Each group presents their demonstration to the class. Encourage applause and participation from the audience to create a festive atmosphere.
	<ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>I. What is a festival, and why is it celebrated?</li> <li>2. Why is the Yam Festival celebrated, and what is its key activity?</li> <li>3. Describe one major activity that takes place during the Bakatue festival.</li> </ul>
	4. How does the Homowo festival reflect the history and resilience of the Ga community?
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 24-11-20	DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices			
Class: B9		Class Size: Sub Strand: Religious Festival			s		
Content Standard:  B9 2.1.1: Understand the relevance of, and the need to participate in, religious festivals  Indicator:  B9 2.1.1: State the meaning and typ festivals					ng and types of	Lesson:	
Performance Indicator Learners can describe a celebration of Ancestra	and demons		vhich take pla	ace during the	Core Compet Personal Develo Leadership, Col Thinking and Pr	opme Iabor	nt and ation Critical
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg.	59					
New words: Festivals, F	Historical, A	ncestral, Christi	mas				
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Res	sources
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>			ongs or beats	s from the Odw	ira,	1	
	Play a mix of traditional songs or beats from the Odwira, Bugumchugu, Hogbetsotsoza, Christmas, and Eid-Adha festivals.  Ask learners, "Can you recognize any of these rhythms? What						
	emotions or images do they evoke?"						
	lesson.			rners and introc			
PHASE 2: MAIN	Revise with learners to state the types of festivals in Ghana. Pict					tures and	
	Have learners brainstorm and describe the significance of Ancestral/Historical festivals and list examples.						
	Celebrated in remembrance of the past deeds of heroes and heroines and						
	to remember past events in the life of the community. Examples are						
	Odwira (Akuapem), Bugumchugu (Dagomba/Mamprusi) and Hogbetsotsoza (Anlo); Christmas and Eid-Adha.						
	Guide learners to describe and demonstrate activities which take place during the celebration of Ancestral/Historical festivals.						
	th cle ya	e beginning of the eanse the commun	new one. It's ar	marks the end of t n occasion to remer te the harvest, part es, traditional perfo	mber the dead, ticularly the new		
	ar hu Th	ncient event with or Iman habitats. Part	rigins in the des ticipants light to	nown as the "Fire F ire to scare away w orches, creating a p tations and is linked	vild animals from rocession of fire.		

- Hogbetsotsoza: This festival commemorates the migration of the Anlo Ewe people from the ancient walled city of Notsie in present-day Togo to their current homeland in Ghana. The festival is marked by a series of cultural events, including dance, storytelling, and purification ceremonies. The name "Hogbetsotso" translates to "festival of exodus."
- Christmas: Celebrated by millions around the world, Christmas is the commemoration of the birth of Jesus Christ. Taking place on December 25th, it's marked by religious ceremonies, gift-giving, festive meals, and decorations, notably the Christmas tree. While rooted in Christian theology, it's become a global cultural event, recognized by both Christians and non-Christians.
- Eid al-Adha (Eid-Adha): Also known as the "Festival of Sacrifice," Eid al-Adha commemorates the willingness of the Prophet Ibrahim (Abraham in Judeo-Christian tradition) to sacrifice his son in obedience to God's command. Before he could, God provided a ram to sacrifice instead. It's observed by performing prayers, distributing meat among family, friends, and the less fortunate, and engaging in festivities.

Divide learners into five groups, assigning each group one of the festivals.

Using available resources (books, online tools), each group will research the main activities and traditions of their assigned festival.

Encourage each group to prepare a short demonstration or roleplay, showcasing these activities. This could include dances, songs, or reenactments of particular rituals.

Allow each group to present their demonstrations to the class. This offers a visual and interactive representation of each festival's unique activities.

After each presentation, engage in a brief discussion, clarifying doubts and sharing experiences.

#### <u>Assessment</u>

- 1. What is the significance of Ancestral/Historical festivals?
- 2. Describe an activity associated with the Odwira festival.
- 3. How is the Hogbetsotsoza festival connected to the history of the Anlo Ewe people?
- 4. What is a common activity during the celebration of Eid-Adha?

#### PHASE 3: **REFLECTION**

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 24-11-20	023	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E		
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices		
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Religious Festivals		
Content Standard: B9 2.1.1: Understand the need to participate in,			Indicator: B9 2.1.1.1: S festivals	Lesson: 1.1: State the meaning and types of		
Performance Indicato Learners can discuss th celebrating festivals.	r:		sons in	Core Competencies: Personal Development and Lea Critical Thinking and Problem S		
References: R.M.E Cur	riculum Pg.	59				
New words: Festivals,	Historical, A	ncestral, Christi	mas			
Phase/Duration	Learners A				Resources	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	from arou	ind the world, b , "Why do you t	ooth religious a	video clips of various festivals and non-religious.  ome together to celebrate		
	Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the lesson.					
PHASE 2: <b>MAIN</b>	Initiate a o		t why humans	have celebrated festivals	Pictures and charts	
		ers to share per any festival.	rsonal experie	nces or family traditions		
	Introduce the concept of religious festivals, emphasizing how they are rooted in religious doctrines, histories, or significant events.  Engage learners in discussions about the lessons they've personally taken from festivals they have celebrated or witnessed.  Divide learners into small groups. Assign each group a particular festival, asking them to prepare a brief presentation on the significance of the festival and any moral lessons it conveys.					
	Allow groups to present their findings, fostering a class environment of mutual respect and curiosity.					
	<ol> <li>Name</li> <li>What descri</li> <li>Why</li> </ol>	do people celeb e one religious fo is a moral lesso ibed?	estival and expon that can be to respect and	plain its significance. learned from the festival you understand festivals from our own?		

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 30-11-20	023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E								
Duration: 60MINS			Strand: Religious Practices						
Class: B9				Sub Strand: Religious Festivals					
B9 2.1.1: Understand the relevance of, and the				Describe the activities in festivals in the three main religions in			Lesson:		
Learners can explore and understand the activities associated with festivals in Leadership, C					Core Compet Personal Develo Leadership, Coll Thinking and Pro	lopment and ollaboration Critical			
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	61			-		-		
New words: Preparatio	n Acts, Ban	, Abstinence,							
Phase/Duration	Learners A		. 115 4 4			Re	sources		
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	you think in differen	lesson with a quabout festivals?	How do you religions?"	think festivals a	re celebrated				
	Allow learners to share their thoughts, and list their responses on the board.								
	lesson.	formance indica							
PHASE 2: <b>MAIN</b>		n overview of th Traditional Afr	_		hristianity,	cha	tures and arts ages or videos		
						de	picting festivals		
	Each group presents their findings to the class, explaining the preparatory acts and their cultural or religious significance.								
		a whole-class di s in the prepara				nd			
	Encourage learners to share their opinions and observations.								

	<ol> <li>Assessment         <ol> <li>Why do you think a ban on noise making is observed as part of festival preparations? Discuss its cultural or religious significance.</li> <li>Choose one preparatory act (e.g., public appearance of religious leaders) and explain its importance in the context of festival celebrations in Ghana.</li> <li>How do the preparatory acts discussed contribute to creating a sense of community and unity during festivals?</li> </ol> </li> <li>In what ways can the preparatory acts for festivals be considered expressions of cultural identity?</li> </ol>	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 30-11-20	023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E							
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices				
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: R	Sub Strand: Religious Festivals			
	tent Standard: Indicator: B9 2.1.1.2: Describe the activities in festivals celebrated in the three main religions in Ghar					a	Lesson: 2 OF 2	
Performance Indicator: Learners can engage in a dramatization activity to showcase the main activities of one specific festival.  Core Competer Personal Development of the Competer Personal Develo					opmen labora	t and tion Critical		
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg.	61						
New words: Family Reu	ınion, Excha	ange, Public, '	Worship, Drama	atization				
Phase/Duration	Learners					Reso	ources	
PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>	to mind w celebrate List learne festival ac	Begin the lesson with a brainstorming session: "What activities come to mind when you think about festivals? How do people typically celebrate together?"  List learners' responses on the board and discuss the diversity of festival activities.  Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the						
PHASE 2: MAIN	Ghana, fo greetings, Show ima Divide the Each grous significance Assign each Instruct the showcase Provide ti Each grous Each grous Each grous Encourage festival acceptance and the showcase festivation acce	cusing on fand public worsh public worsh ges or videos e class into sing discusses are of one mainth group a spane groups to so the main acome for group performs the creativity activities in the	of the main activition the main activition the main activition there are a depicting these mall groups. In describes the festival activity decific festival to a choose and plantitivities of the assets to discuss role their dramatization demphasize their performances.	exchange of gifelevant activities e activities.  e activities.  e cultural or relive.  focus on.  n a dramatization esigned festival.  es, scripts, and con for the class. e significance of	ts and gious n that costumes.	Pictures and charts, Images or videos depicting festival activities, Costumes or props for dramatization		
		se one festiv	al activity and ex celebrations.	крlain its cultura	l or religious			

	<ol> <li>Describe how the exchange of gifts and greetings contributes to building a sense of community during festivals.</li> <li>In your opinion, why are public worship ceremonies often an essential part of festival celebrations? Discuss the communal and spiritual aspects.</li> </ol>	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	